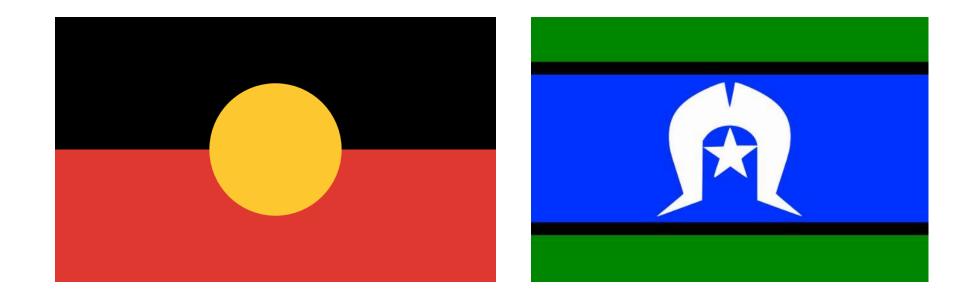


We acknowledge the traditional custodians of the land and pay our respects to Elders past, present and emerging.





Agenda

- » Digital Transformation Hub overview
- » Current cyber security landscape
- » An overview of cyber security practices organisations should have in place
- » Top cyber security incident entry points
- » Phishing real life stories
- » Key takeaways
- » Useful resources



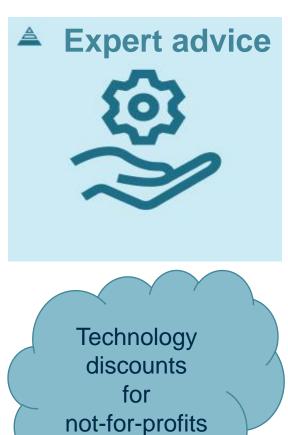
Digital Transformation Hub Technology to transform non-profit operations













Five domains structure the technology jungle



Tech Foundations

PCs, network, servers, telephony, email, file sharing and collaboration infrastructure



Information Systems

Systems that support delivery of your services, measure your impact and corporate systems



Digital Marketing

Website, email/social media outreach, content production and fundraising systems



IT Management

IT strategy/planning, budgeting, governance, run activities and disaster recovery/ business continuity



Cybersecurity

Keeping your information safe with thorough information security & device management systems and processes

Staff can collaborate, work productively and access information anywhere

Painless reporting, efficient processes and client outcomes tracked

Attract new funders, supporters, volunteers, staff and clients

Maximise Digital impact

Reputation, client & staff information protected



Digital Transformation Hub

Security in the headlines

Oxfam Australia investigates suspected data breach Feb 2021

Oxfam Australia is investigating a suspected cyber attack that has allegedly impacted the data of 1.7 million

The database is alleged to have contained contact and donor information, including names, email addresses and phone numbers, for about 1.7 million Oxfam Australia supporters.

Source: https://www.itnews.com.au/news/oxfam-australia-investigates-suspected-data-

breach-560690

UnitingCare Queensland hit by cyber attack April 2021

UnitingCare Queensland, a provider of hospital and aged care services, said some of its digital and technology systems were rendered "inaccessible" by a cyber attack on Sunday.

The facilities had resorted to manual, paper-based workarounds, according to the 9News report.

Source: https://www.itnews.com.au/news/unitingcare-queensland-hitby-cyber-attack-563812

Ex-worker who was investigated over child sex offences accessed sensitive data 260 times in major breach March 2021

A former caseworker who was investigated for an alleged child sex offence managed to access confidential information on a program for vulnerable kids for months after leaving their job, a report from Victoria's privacy regulator has found.

Source: https://www.abc.net.au/news/2021-03-13/former-contractor-accessed-vicgovernment-child-data-260-times/13243230

Uniting Communities investigating possible data breach amid 'cyber incident'

Major South Australian welfare agency Uniting Communities is investigating whether any data breaches have occurred as part of a "cyber incident" affecting its

It said staff were unable to access certain systems. Systems involving rostering and setting appointments were among those affected, it said. Source: https://www.abc.net.au/news/2021-06-16/uniting-communities-investigating-cyber-

incident-in-sa/100220748

Digital Transformation Hub

Security in the headlines

mySA Gov accounts breached

November 2021

Hackers have accessed an undisclosed number of mySA Gov accounts by reusing stolen password credentials.

"The accounts could be accessed because account holders had used the same or a similar password for their mySA Gov account as they had used for their account with the unrelated website," the department said in a statement.

It also "encouraged" impacted users to consider changing their driver's licence number "as details could have been accessed by an unauthorised third party".

Source: https://www.itnews.com.au/news/mysa-gov-accounts-

breached-572297 Australian Red Cross clients potentially caught up in international cyber attack

January 2022 Database of International Committee of the Red Cross breached.

Australian Red Cross is contacting clients and reviewing its local systems and services in the wake of a "major" cyber attack on a large database hosted by the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC).

The database held case file details on more than 500,000 people worldwide who had sought services for loved ones missing or uncontactable overseas due to disaster or conflict, or that were being held in immigration detention.

Source: https://www.itnews.com.au/news/australian-redcross-clients-potentially-caught-up-in-internationalcyber-attack-575350

Russian cyber attacks could inadvertently hit Australia, warns government cyber agency

February 2022

Security experts say it is unlikely new financial sanctions placed on Russia will prompt a direct retaliation, but they warn there is a significant risk Australian firms could be caught up as collateral damage.

And they warn Russian-linked criminal gangs might be encouraged to target all sorts of Western targets, prompting a possible surge in ransomware and other attacks across the globe.

Source: https://www.abc.net.au/news/2022-02-23/cyber-agencies-warn-ukraine-cyber-attacks-from-russia/100855164

NDIS case management system provider breached

May 2022

A security breach of a cloud-based client management system used by National Disability Insurance Scheme (NDIS) service providers has exposed a "large volume" of health and other sensitive data.

"This data includes documents containing personal information relating to our customers and their clients and carers."

Other data though to be compromised includes Medicare and pensioner cards, as well as tax file numbers.

Source: https://www.itnews.com.au/news/ndis-case-management-system-provider-breached-580729

Digital
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Some recent statistics

Australians reported over 566,000 scams and over \$1.8b in losses in 2021, according to the latest ACCC Targeting scams report. The top 3 scams causing most financial harm to Australians in 2021 are investment, business email compromise and romance scams

(Source:https://www.accc.gov.au/publicati ons/targeting-scams-report-on-scamactivity/targeting-scams-report-of-theaccc-on-scams-activity-2021) Over the 2020–21 financial year, the ACSC received over 67,500 cybercrime reports, an increase of nearly 13 per cent from the previous financial year. The increase in volume of cybercrime reporting equates to one report of a cyber attack every 8 minutes compared to one every 10 minutes last financial year

(Source: https://www.cyber.gov.au/acsc/view-all-content/reports-and-statistics/acsc-annual-cyber-threat-report-2020-21)

The OAIC
received 464 notifications
under the Notifiable Data
Breaches scheme in the reporting
period July – December 2021.
256 of these were due to
malicious or criminal attacks
which remain the leading source
of data breaches. In 2021, the
OAIC received 900 data breach
notifications

(Source:https://www.oaic.gov.au/privacy/notifiable-data-breaches/notifiable-data-breaches-statistics/notifiable-data-breaches-report-july-december-2021)



Key message

The **human element** continues to drive breaches. From a recent global breach investigation report, 82% of breaches involved the human element.

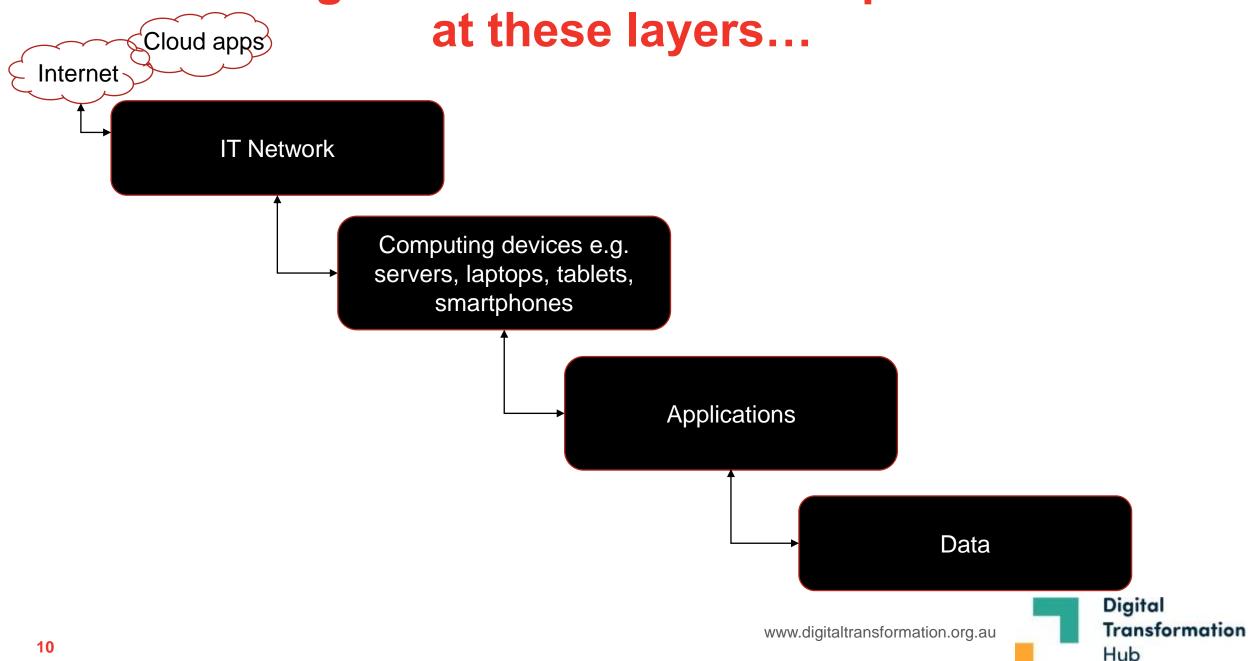
(Source: Verizon Data Breach Investigations Report 2022)

Security behaviour is greatly influenced by you and your perception of risk. These perceptions can be changed

(Adapted from: Awareness is only the first step, https://www.riscs.org.uk/wp-content/uploads/2015/12/Awareness-is-Only-the-First-Step.pdf)



Your organisation should have protection at these layers...



Ask the audience: Do you provide documented guidance for staff on where to save information?

- yes
- » No
- » Not sure



Data protection

- Network

 Computing devices e.g.
 laptops, tablets,
 smartphones

 Applications

 Data
- » Where to store organisational data so it is backed up
- » Handling information of a confidential nature e.g encrypt it before emailing, do not store on removable media such as USBs prior to approval
- » How to handle physical documents with information e.g. shred prior to disposal, do not leave documents with personal information on desks

Ask the audience: Is multi-factor authentication enabled for all internet facing systems with sensitive data?

- » Yes
- » No
- » Not sure
- » Only when data is being stored in a risky country

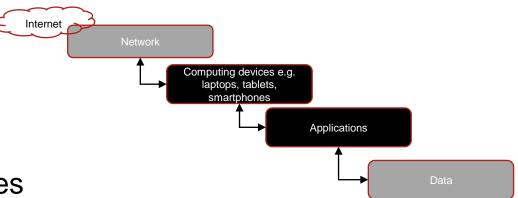


Ask the audience: How many different systems are used across your organisation?

- » 3 or less
- » 4 8
- » 9 12
- » More than 13
- » No idea; people & teams start using new systems by themselves



User access security



- » Length and composition of passwords/passphrases
- » Multi-factor authentication: the practice of using a password/passphrase and another factor to log into a user's account. Examples of additional factors include those provided via Google Authenticator or Microsoft Authenticator
- » Do not reuse passwords across user accounts
- » Change your password if it has been compromised
- » Not to share passwords with other staff. If this cannot be avoided ensure the password is shared only with those who need it, there is an understanding of who is using the account with the shared password and the password is changed if someone who knows it leaves the organisation.

Ask the audience: Do you provide staff with guidance on whether they can work using their own devices?

- » No we value flexibility & trust
- Yes they can use their own devices
- » Yes they must use our PC, & can use their own mobile phone
- Yes they must use our PC & mobile phone
- » Don't know



Computing device and network protection requirements

Computing devices e.g.
laptops, tablets,
smartphones

Applications

Data

- » Physically protect your device
- » Lock your screen when device is left unattended (Ctrl + Alt + Del; Win + L)
- » Do not install or use unauthorised software
- » Keep devices up-to-date
- » Expectations on the use of Bring-Your-Own-Device (BYOD) to access and store organisational data e.g.
 - must be PIN/passcode/fingerprint protected
 - must never store personal information about clients
 - keep devices and installed apps updated
 - install antivirus software
 - have remote wipe capability to be used if lost or stolen
- » Network security: firewall configurations, secure network protocols, anti-malware software, VPNs for remote access, wireless network configuration, email filtering



Security incident reporting

Computing devices e.g.
laptops, tablets,
smartphones

Applications

Data

Security incidents are adverse events which pose a threat to an organisation's information systems and services

Important to have a contact point for staff to report potential security incidents (e.g. IT Support) such as:

- » Any unfamiliar activity on their devices
- » Disclosure of information to unauthorised person
- » Lost devices, removable media with organisation's information
- » Unescorted person on office premises
- » Lost or stolen physical access cards

Email, Internet and Social Media use Applications Data Applications Data

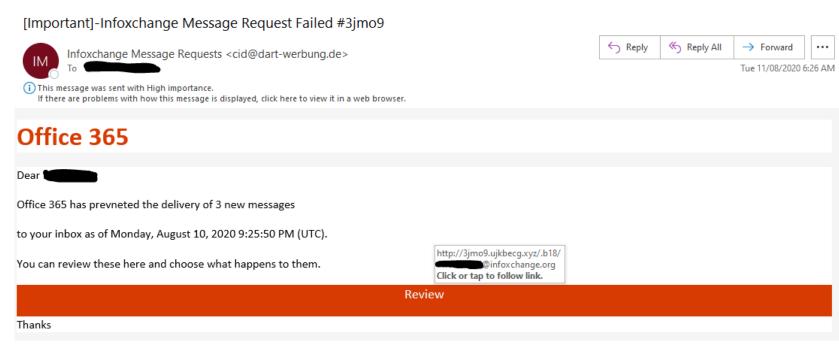
- » Important advice for staff includes:
 - Beware of phishing emails
 - Use organisational email and the Internet responsibly
 - Act responsibly when using social media sites such as Facebook, Twitter, LinkedIn
 - Organisational information must not be sent via unauthorised messaging platforms

Top security incident entry points

- » Phishing: email sent to users with the purpose of tricking users into revealing personal information or clicking on web links. Could also be via voice calls, instant messaging apps, SMS
- » Ransomware: malicious software installed on machines causing data to be locked up and inaccessible. Could be installed by clicking on links in phishing emails, gaining access to a user account or exploiting a security vulnerability
- » Business email compromise: email interception or email accounts compromised to divert funds to illegitimate accounts
- Was of stolen credentials: usernames and passwords stolen from online services and then used to gain access to user accounts
- » Supply chain attacks: compromise of supplier systems impacting customer organisations
- » Misconfiguration: e.g. user access not revoked when required
- **» Misdelivery**: information of a sensitive nature (e.g. personal information, organisation's confidential information) sent to unintended recipients



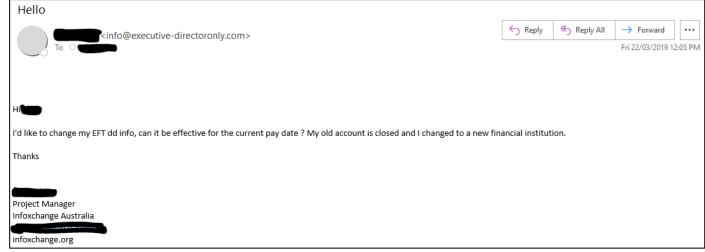
Real life stories - phishing

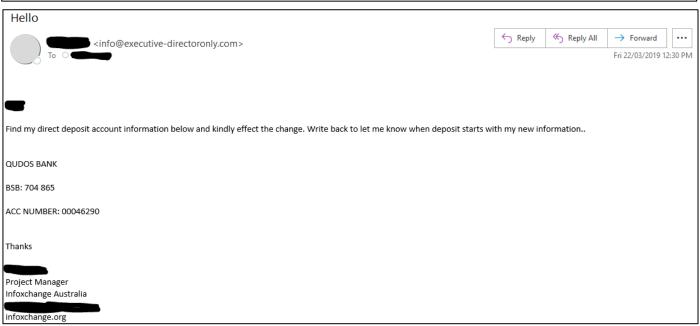


- » Staff member received this email about messages that could not be delivered
- » Clicked on the 'Review' button. Was presented with a what looked like a standard MS SharePoint login page with their username already filled.
- They entered their password and clicked login
- » Fortunately, Multi-factor authentication is employed and account access was blocked
- The staff member was still asked to change their password



Real life stories - phishing





- » Email request to change bank account details received by payroll department, signed off from a staff member
- » Payroll department responded requesting new bank details and not noticing the 'from' email address
- The second email was received by payroll at which point, due to the grammar in the email they realised this was not legitimate





Ask the audience: Have you been affected by data theft or IT system compromise?

- yes
- » No



Can you spot a 'phish'?

Can you spot a scam (phishing) message?

If you received a scam message 'phishing ²⁰, for your personal information, would you be able to spot it? And would you know what to do?

Take the quiz

» https://www.cyber.gov.au/acsc/view-all-content/programs/stay-smart-online/scam-messages



Some organisational processes requiring a security lens

» Finance:

- Ensure delegations of authority are appropriate and reviewed regularly
- Ensure that for large amounts of spend, double signatures are required
- Verify change of bank account details via alternate channels e.g. request made via email, use phone call to verify

» HR:

- Make sure on-boarding and off-boarding activities are conducted in a timely manner and are holistic i.e. if you use software provided by third parties, remember to offboard as required e.g. Training software packages; Financial management software packages, Car and or Resource booking etc.
- Conduct security awareness refresher training regularly
- Ensure your organisation takes a grateful approach for reports of lost or potentially stolen devices, rather than a punitive one.



Key takeaways to stay secure

1. Multi-factor authentication for each of your core systems

- An extra layer of protection for core systems is critical to securing access
- Use strong passwords/passphrases that are unique for each account i.e. do not reuse these

2. User Education

- Exercise caution with emails you receive that ask you to click on web links, open attachments or provide information
- Never respond to emails requesting your personal, financial information and passwords
- Email addresses can be 'spoofed' and appear to originate from people you know. Be on the lookout for any requests you receive via email
- Remember fraudsters can create websites that look like the real supplier or banks to capture your information. Do not log in to a web page that you have reached through a link in an email

3. Essential Eight

• Eight core technical security measures recommended by the Australian Cyber Security Centre to protect your organisation against a range of risks

4. Make cybersecurity risk management and governance a priority

- Have the conversations on prioritizing cybersecurity within your organisation
- Provide IT security policies for your organisation which should outline how to keep devices and information safe
- Have a contact point for staff to talk to if they're not sure about an email they receive, or experience unusual activity on their device



Useful resources

- » Hub cybersecurity resources: https://digitaltransformation.org.au/guides/cyber-security
- » Cybersecurity webinars for NFP staff and IT Managers: https://www.connectingup.org/webinars/topic/Information%20Security
- » End user security policy template: https://digitaltransformation.org.au/guides/cyber-security/diyend-user-security-policy
- » IT security policy template: https://digitaltransformation.org.au/guides/cyber-security/information-security-policy-not-profits
- » Privacy guidelines and privacy policy template: https://digitaltransformation.org.au/guides/cyber-security/privacy-guidelines-not-profits
- The 5 Knows of cybersecurity: https://www.telstra.com.au/content/dam/tcom/business-enterprise/security-services/pdf/5-knows-of-cyber-security.pdf
- » Report CyberCrime to Australian Cyber Security Centre 'ReportCyber': https://www.cyber.gov.au/acsc/report
- » Check if your personal details have been compromised in a data breach: https://haveibeenpwned.com/
- » Guidance on Identity Theft: https://www.idcare.org/



Questions and discussion



